make sure you visit

The Tolsey Museum, built in the early 1500, was where traders came to pay tolls, and also where the Borough Court met. At the back was a lock-up, used as temporary detention for the drunkards and rogues of the town, the door of which is now in the Museum.

On the north aisle of St John the Baptist Church, look for the memorial of Edmund Harman (1569), where you'll find a carving of South American Indians - thought to be the earliest example in the UK.

did you know

Reavleys chemist is England’s oldest pharmacy dating back to 1734, inside you'll find wonderful Victorian apothecary cabinets along the walls.

There are records in the Tolsey Museum of Burford Bridge needing repairs in 1322.

Burford had its own racecourse, hosting many competitions during the mid-18th century, with the final meeting taking place in October 1802.

Tom, Dick and Harry - yes, they really existed! They were three brothers who lived in the village of Fulbrook, a short walk from Burford, who turned to a life of crime, including highway robbery, in the mid-18th century.

visitor information centre

The Visitor Information Centre, found in the High Street opposite Priory Lane, has local maps, guide books, souvenirs and local information to help with your visit. The friendly and knowledgeable staff also operate an accommodation booking service.

Tel: 01993 823558
E: burford.vic@westoxon.gov.uk

for full information please visit: www.cotswold.com
about Burford

Burford is one of the most picturesque towns in England, with the main street lined by ancient half-timbered and stone-built houses of different periods. There is a spectacular view of the Windrush valley from the top of the hill, down the High Street, the medieval bridge that spans the River Windrush at the bottom of the hill. Burford was the first Cotswold town to be granted a market charter, in 1088.

5 things to see & do

1. Visit the Tolsey museum, located in the medieval market building, for a flavour of Burford’s social, cultural and industrial past.
2. Admire the Church of St John the Baptist, a Grade I listed building, & the Warwick almshouses next door.
3. Walk down picturesque Sheep Street, past The Bay Tree Hotel, and onto Priory Lane.
4. Spot the crenelated chimneys on the palladian Great House in Witney Street, & continue your walk to Walford Church along the picturesque banks of the river.
5. How many former coaching yards can you spot? - Look for the give-away archways.

wool heritage and historic connections

Burford’s wealth was based on sheep, the famed Cotswold Lions with their long heavy fleece which gave some of the best wool in Europe. Look out for the ‘bale tombs’ in the churchyard, with raised rounded tops - a unique feature of the ‘wool churches’ of the Cotswolds.

The town was also an important staging post on the main Oxford to Gloucester route, with over 40 coaches a day passing through; hence the numerous inns and alehouses peppering the town. It is not surprising that brewing also became an important local industry!

On 17 May 1649, three soldiers were executed on Oliver Cromwell’s orders in Burford churchyard, whilst the other 330+ were led onto the roof to watch. The three soldiers belonged to a movement popularly known as the church Levellers, who believed in civil rights and religious tolerance. There is a plaque commemorating them on the wall of the churchyard, with raised rounded tops - a unique feature of the ‘wool churches’ of the Cotswolds.

green spaces

You’ll find the recreation ground, off Sheep Street, has plenty of space for the kids to run around and have a picnic; there’s also a bowling green.

Meander along the banks of the River Windrush, passing the tiny church of St Oswald’s, which stands on its own in the deserted medieval village of Walford. Continue on to the village of Swinbrook where the Mitford family are buried, and inside you’ll find an inscription on the font carved by Anthony Sedley, one of the captured soldiers.

walks around the town

Guided walks around the town, and garden tours are available by appointment - please contact the Visitor Information Centre for details. Alternatively, you could do a self-guided walk with the help of the Burford Trail leaflet, in which you will find information about famous people associated with the town, such as the artist William Morris, and King Charles II’s mistress, Nell Gwyn.